BNC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 Adams County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Directors BNC Metropolitan District No. 3

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of BNC Metropolitan District No. 3 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major funds of BNC Metropolitan District No. 3, as of December 31, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of BNC Metropolitan District No. 3 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about BNC Metropolitan District No. 3's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,





intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of BNC Metropolitan District No. 3's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about BNC Metropolitan District No. 3's ability to continue as a going concern
 for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit finding, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other-Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise BNC Metropolitan District No. 3's basic financial statements. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Other Information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Hayrie & Company

Littleton, Colorado July 27, 2022



BNC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

400570	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 1,837
Cash and Investments - Restricted	4,051,425
Receivable from County Treasurer	4,031,423
Prepaid Expenses	2,481
Property Tax Receivable	38,823
Total Assets	4,094,587
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	10,212
Payroll Taxes Payable	31
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due in More Than One Year	349,888
Total Liabilities	360,131
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	38,823
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	38,823_
NET POSITION	
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	89
Unrestricted	3,695,544
Total Net Position	\$ 3,695,633

BNC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				Program I	Revenues			(Exp	Revenues benses) and change in et Position
FUNCTIONS/DDOCDAMS	E	kpenses	Charges for Services	Oper Grant Contrib	-	Car Grant Contrib			vernmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	50,803	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(50,803)
Interest and Related Costs		45 047							(45.047)
on Long-Term Debt	-	15,317	- _		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>		(15,317)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	66,120	\$ -	\$		\$			(66,120)
	GENI	ERAL REVE	NUES						
		perty Taxes							2,677
	•	cific Owners Investment I	-						278
		Total Genera							1,418 4,373
									.,
CHANGE IN NET POSITION							(61,747)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year						3,757,380			
	NET	POSITION -	END OF YEAR					\$	3,695,633

BNC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General	Capital Projects		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable from County Treasurer Prepaid Expenses Property Tax Receivable	\$	1,837 89 21 2,481 38,823	\$	- 4,051,336 - - -	\$	1,837 4,051,425 21 2,481 38,823
Total Assets	\$	43,251	\$	4,051,336	\$	4,094,587
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll Taxes Payable Total Liabilities	\$	10,212 31 10,243	\$	- - -	\$	10,212 31 10,243
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		38,823 38,823		<u>-</u>		38,823 38,823
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expenses		2,481		-		2,481
Restricted For: Emergency Reserves Capital Projects Unassigned Total Fund Balances		89 - (8,385) (5,815)		4,051,336 - 4,051,336		89 4,051,336 (8,385) 4,045,521
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	43,251	\$	4,051,336		4,040,021
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statem position are different because: Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not dupayable in the current period and, therefore, are not repoint the fundamental activities in the statemental activities in the	ie and	net				
in the funds. Developer Advances Payable Developer Advance Interest Payable						(225,641) (124,247)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	3,695,633

BNC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	G	eneral	Capital Projects			Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES		onoral		10,0010		- drido
Property Taxes	\$	2,677	\$	_	\$	2,677
Specific Ownership Taxes	,	278	•	-	•	278
Net Investment Income		-		1,418		1,418
Total Revenues		2,955		1,418	1	4,373
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		16,482		-		16,482
Auditing		5,000		-		5,000
County Treasurer's Fees		40		-		40
Dues and Licenses		309		-		309
Insurance and Bonds		3,471		-		3,471
District Management		9,166		-		9,166
Legal		16,050		-		16,050
Miscellaneous		85		-		85
Directors' Fees		200				200
Total Expenditures		50,803				50,803
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(47,848)		1,418		(46,430)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Developer Advance		54,500				54,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		54,500		-		54,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		6,652		1,418		8,070
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		(12,467)	4	,049,918		4,037,451
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	_\$	(5,815)	\$ 4	,051,336	\$ 4	4,045,521

BNC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 8,070
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows: Developer Advance	(54,500)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest on Developer Advances - Change in Liability	 (15,317)

\$ (61,747)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

BNC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	_		_				
Property Taxes	\$	2,746	\$	2,677	\$	(69)	
Specific Ownership Taxes		192		278		86	
Total Revenues		2,938		2,955		17	
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting		20,000		16,482		3,518	
Auditing		5,000		5,000		-	
County Treasurer's Fees		41		40		1	
Dues and Licenses		350		309		41	
Insurance and Bonds		3,500		3,471		29	
District Management		15,000		9,166		5,834	
Legal		15,000		16,050		(1,050)	
Miscellaneous		-		85		(85)	
Directors' Fees		-		200		(200)	
Contingency		1,109		-		1,109	
Total Expenditures		60,000		50,803		9,197	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(57,062)		(47,848)		9,214	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Developer Advance		57,000		54,500		(2,500)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		57,000		54,500		(2,500)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(62)		6,652		6,714	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		996		(12,467)		(13,463)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	934	\$	(5,815)	\$	(6,749)	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

BNC Metropolitan District No. 3 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by an order and decree of the District Court for Adams County, Colorado issued on January 8, 2004, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the City of Commerce City on September 15, 2003. The District is located in Commerce City, Adams County, Colorado.

The District was established to provide financing for the acquisition, construction, and installation of water, sanitation, drainage, street improvements, parks and recreational facilities, television relay and translation, and mosquito control.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Redemption of bonds is recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, specific ownership taxes and operations fees. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets.

The District had no capital assets as of December 31, 2021.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

Deficits

The General Fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2021. The deficit will be eliminated with the receipt of Developer advances in 2022.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 1,837
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 4,051,425
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,053,262

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 1,926
Investments	4,051,336
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,053,262

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$1,926.

Investments

The District has an investment policy by which it follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust	Weighted-Average	
(CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$ 4,051,336

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	_	salance - cember 31, 2020	A	dditions	Retir	ements	Balance - cember 31, 2021	 Vithin Year
Governmental Activities:					•			
Developer Advances:								
Operations	\$	171,141	\$	54,500	\$	-	\$ 225,641	\$ -
Accrued Interest on								
Developer Advances:								
Operations		108,930		15,317		-	124,247	-
Total	\$	280,071	\$	69,817	\$	=	\$ 349,888	\$

Debt Authorization

On November 4, 2003, the District's voters authorized total indebtedness of \$180,000,000. At December 31, 2021, the District had authorized but unissued general obligation indebtedness in the following amounts for the following purposes:

	Authorized				F	Remaining at
	Ν	lovember 4,	Αι	ıthorization	D	ecember 31,
	20	003 Election		Used		2021
Street Improvements	\$	21,000,000	\$	-	\$	21,000,000
Parks and Recreation		16,000,000		-		16,000,000
Water		11,000,000		-		11,000,000
Sanitation/Storm Sewer		9,500,000		-		9,500,000
Mosquito Control		1,000,000		-		1,000,000
Operational Expenses		500,000		-		500,000
TV Relay and Translation		1,000,000		-		1,000,000
Intergovernmental Agreements		60,000,000		-		60,000,000
Refunding of Debt		60,000,000				60,000,000
Total	\$	180,000,000	\$	-	\$	180,000,000

As of December 31, 2021, the District had \$60,000,000 remaining authority under the Service Plan.

NOTE 5 AGREEMENTS

Operation Funding Agreements

The District entered into a series of Operations Funding Agreements with 104th Avenue Investment Partners LLC (the Original Developer) for fiscal years 2004 – 2009 (2004-2009 OFAs) whereby the Original Developer agreed to advance various amounts to the District for the operations and maintenance expenses of the District with an interest rate of 8.00%.

NOTE 5 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Operation Funding Agreements (Continued)

The District entered into an Operation Funding Agreement with Catellus CC Note, LLC (the Developer) on October 24, 2017, with an effective date of January 1, 2017 (2017-2018 OFA). Pursuant to the 2017-2018 OFA, which was consented to by the Original Developer, the Developer agreed to advance funds to the District for the operations and maintenance expenses of the District for fiscal years 2017 through 2018, not to exceed a total of \$75,000.00 and with an interest rate of 8.00%.

The District entered into an Operation Funding Agreement with the Developer on October 21, 2020, with an effective date of January 1, 2019, as amended on November 18, 2021 (the 2019-2021 OFA). Pursuant to the 2019-2021 OFA, the Developer will provide advances to the District for operations and maintenance for fiscal years 2019 through 2022 not to exceed a total of \$120,000.00. The advances will bear an interest rate of 8.00%.

The total amount due as of December 31, 2021, under the 2004-2009 OFAs, 2017-2018 OFA, and 2019-2021 OFA, is \$349,888 (\$225,641 in principal and \$124,247 in accrued interest).

Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement

The District entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement with the Developer on October 24, 2017, as amended by that certain Amended and Restated Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement on October 21, 2020, with an effective date of October 24, 2017 (the FFA). Pursuant to the FFA, the Developer will provide advances to the District to finance public improvement costs verified by an independent engineer. The advances will bear an interest rate of 8.00%.

Cost Sharing Intergovernmental Agreement

The District entered into a Cost Sharing Intergovernmental Agreement with BNC Metropolitan District No. 1 and BNC Metropolitan District No. 2 on October 24, 2017, as amended on December 23, 2019 (the IGA). Pursuant to the IGA, the District shall be the Constructing District. BNC Metropolitan District Nos. 1 and 2 are to transfer to the District the amounts necessary for the District to complete the remaining public improvements. In the event that the District does not utilize the funds provided by BNC Metropolitan District No. 1 or 2 on or before December 31, 2022, the District shall return such funds and BNC Metropolitan District No. 1 or 2 shall be entitled to complete the remaining public improvements as described in more detail therein.

Reimbursement Agreement with Catellus CC Note, LLC and AMH Development, LLC

The District entered in a Reimbursement Agreement with Developer and AMH Development, LLC (AMH Builder) on June 23, 2021 pertaining to property located within the boundaries of the District. Pursuant to this agreement, AMH Builder will construct or cause the construction of certain public improvements, including street, park and recreation, water, sanitary and storm drainage, and television relay and translation improvements (Permissible Improvements) which benefit property within the District's boundaries and/or service area.

NOTE 5 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Reimbursement Agreement with Catellus CC Note, LLC and AMH Development, LLC (Continued)

AMH Builder will construct the Permissible Improvements at its own expense and, pursuant to the June 4, 2021 Purchase and Sale Agreement by and between the Developer and AMH Builder, now directs the District to reimburse the Developer for costs incurred by AMH Builder for design, testing, engineering, and construction of the improvements. Subject to the receipt of funding, the District agrees to reimburse the Developer for Certified Construction Costs (defined therein) up to a maximum amount of \$60,000,000.00 together with interest thereon. Certified Construction Costs shall accrue interest from the date such costs are incurred by AMH Builder. Simple interest shall accrue on amounts reimbursable to the Developer under this agreement, until paid, at a rate of 8.00% per annum.

Reimbursement Agreement with Catellus CC Note, LLC and Century Land Holdings, LLC

The District entered in a Reimbursement Agreement with the Developer and Century Land Holdings, LLC (Century Builder) on June 24, 2021 pertaining to property located within the boundaries of the District. Pursuant to this agreement, Century Builder will construct or cause the construction of Permissible Improvements which benefit property within the District's boundaries and/or service area. Century Builder will construct the Permissible Improvements at its own expense and, pursuant to the December 23, 2020 Purchase and Sale Agreement by and between the Developer and Century Builder, now directs the District to reimburse the Developer for costs incurred by Century Builder for design, testing, engineering, and construction of the improvements. Subject to the receipt of funding, the District agrees to reimburse the Developer for Certified Construction Costs (defined therein) up to a maximum amount of \$60,000,000.00 together with interest thereon. Certified Construction Costs shall accrue interest from the date such costs are incurred by AMH Builder. Simple interest shall accrue on amounts reimbursable to the Developer under this agreement, until paid, at a rate of 8.00% per annum.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The District had a restricted net position of \$89 for emergencies.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is Catellus CC Note, LLC. A majority of the members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, §24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, workers' compensation, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 4, 2003, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BNC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	and I	Original and Final Actual Budget Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Net Investment Income	\$	_	\$	1,418	\$	1,418
Total Revenues	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,418	_Ψ	1,418
EXPENDITURES						
Engineering		15,000		-		15,000
Capital Outlay		34,528		-		4,034,528
Total Expenditures	4,0	49,528				4,049,528
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,0	49,528)		1,418		4,050,946
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Developer Advance Repay Developer Advance Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	34,528 34,528) -		- - -		(4,034,528) 4,034,528
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4,0	49,528)		1,418		4,050,946
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	4,0	49,528		1,049,918		390
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$ 4	1,051,336	\$	4,051,336

BNC METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Prior Year Assessed Valuation				
	for Current				Percentage
Year Ended	Year Property	Mills Levied	 Total Prop	erty Taxes	Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy	General	Levied	Collected	to Levied
2017	\$ -	-	\$ =	\$ -	N/A
2018	33,620	69.649	2,342	-	N/A
2019	33,010	69.649	2,299	4,796	208.61
2020	47,600	70.135	3,338	3,338	100.00
2021	39,150	70.135	2,746	2,677	97.49
Estimated for the Year Ending					
December 31, 2022	\$ 553,550	70.135	\$ 38,823		